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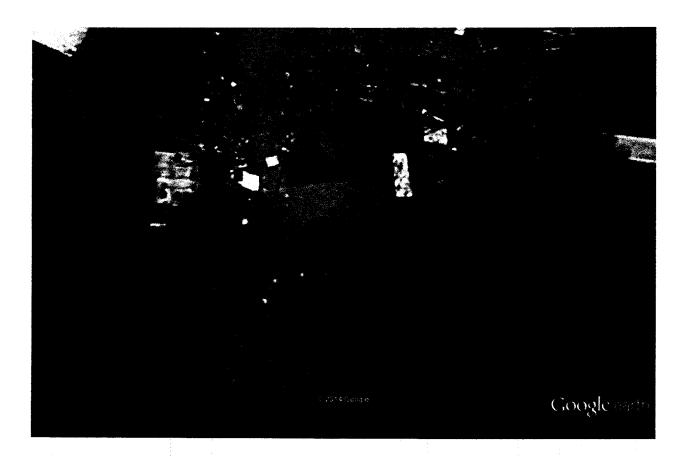
# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the Western District of Virginia

In the Matter of the Search of (Briefly describe the property to be searched or identify the person by name and address) Case No. /:/9MJ00219 36234 Rush Creek Road Glade Spring, VA

		APPLICATION FO	JR A SEARCH WA	AKKANI	
penalty of perjury	y that I have reaso	n to believe that on t	he following person	ent, request a search warrant and state or property (identify the person or described) ilage, outbuildings, stuctures, camp	ribe the
persons presen	t, and vehicles pre	sent). Attachment A	consists of an aeria	al photograph of the residence.	,
located in the	Western	District of	Virginia	, there is now concealed (ide	ntify the
person or describe th See Attachment	ne property to be seize tB.	d):			
The basis	s for the search un	der Fed. R. Crim. P.	41(c) is (check one or	more):	
	evidence of a crime	•			
		of crime, or other iter			
<b>T</b> p	property designed	for use, intended for	use, or used in com	mitting a crime;	
☐ a	person to be arres	sted or a person who	is unlawfully restrain	ined.	
The searc	ch is related to a v	iolation of:			
21 USC 84°	Code Section  21 USC 841(a)(1)  Manufacture/Distribute Methamphetamine  Conspiracy to Manufacture/Distribute Methamphetamine				
The appli	ication is based on	these facts:			
Se	e Attachment C				
Conti	inued on the attacl	ned sheet.			
-		days (give exact e	_		quested
			15	Sner	
			•	Applicant's signature	
				Brian Snedeker, Special Agent  Printed name and title	
Sworn to before r	me and signed in n	ny presence.			
Date: 9/26	114		James	In Meade Say	<u> </u>
City and state: A	bingdon, Virginia		!	Pamela Meade Sargent, USMJ	
-				Drinted name and title	<del></del>

# ATTACHMENT A



36234 Rush Creek Road, Glade Spring, VA

### ATTACHMENT B

- 1. Methamphetamine laboratory precursors, chemicals, and equipment (and original packaging of same) including the following: pseudoephedrine, ammonium nitrate (e.g. instant cold packs), lithium (e.g. batteries containing lithium), sodium hydroxide (e.g. Red Devil Lye), petroleum ether/petroleum naphtha/white gas (e.g. Coleman Fuel, lighter fluid), muriatic acid, sulfuric acid, table salt, aluminum foil, plastic soda bottles (empty or no longer containing original contents), glass mason jars, plastic food storage containers, Ziplock-type plastic bags, plastic tubing, electrical tape and/or duct tape, coffee filters, pipe cutters (used to cut open lithium batteries), electric hot plates/electric skillets, frying pans, razor blades, digital scales, funnels, and stirring utensils.
- 2. Unidentified powders (processed/semi-processed precursors, chemicals).
- 3. Glass jars and plastic bottles/storage containers filled with unidentified liquids or sludges (processed/semi-processed precursors and other unidentified mixtures related to the manufacturing of methamphetamine)
- 4. Devices used to communicate with methamphetamine manufacturing co-conspirators including cellular telephones, pagers, and two-way radios; electronic equipment used for counter-surveillance to include scanners, anti-bugging devices, and video surveillance cameras..
- 5. Firearms, including but not limited to handguns, rifles, and shotguns that are commonly used by individuals to protect clandestine methamphetamine manufacturing related operations and controlled substances.
- 6. Books, receipts, ledgers, notes, and videos pertaining to the illicit manufacturing of methamphetamine and the purchasing, transporting, and preparation of methamphetamine precursors, chemicals, and equipment.
- 7. Messages/letters, telephone numbers/call records/contact information, names, and addresses relating to the illicit manufacturing of methamphetamine and the purchasing, transporting, and preparation of methamphetamine precursors, chemicals, and equipment. These messages/letters, telephone numbers/call records/contact information, names, and addresses may be written on personal calendars, personal address/telephone books, Rolodex type indices, notebooks, loose pieces of paper, and found in mail.
- 8. Photographs and videos depicting persons involved with/engaged in the manufacturing/use of methamphetamine and/or the purchasing, preparing, and storing of methamphetamine laboratory precursors, chemicals, and equipment.

### ATTACHMENT B (Continued)

- 9. Items or articles of personal property tending to show ownership, dominion, or control of the premises/property/vehicles. Such items or articles include (but are not limited to) personal identification, personal correspondence, diaries, checkbooks, notes, photographs (including digital), keys, receipts, personal telephone and address books, videos, and motor vehicle related documents (titles/registrations).
- 10. Many of the items listed in Paragraphs 6 through 9 are commonly stored in/on digital media. Therefore, digital media (including but not limited to computers/computer hard drives, floppy disks, CD's, flash/jump drives, personal digital assistants (PDA's), cellular/smart telephones, digital cameras, iPODs, iPADs, etc.) are to be seized and examined specifically for the items listed in Paragraphs 6 through 9.

#### ATTACHMENT C

## AFFIDAVIT of Special Agent Brian Snedeker Drug Enforcement Administration Bristol, Virginia

- 1. I, Special Agent Brian Snedeker, being duly sworn hereby depose and say:
- 2. The purpose of this application and affidavit is to secure a search warrant for the premises known as 36234 Rush Creek Road, Glade Spring, VA. This affiant, after obtaining and reviewing information, believes there is evidence of conspiracy to manufacture methamphetamine and/or manufacturing methamphetamine at 36234 Rush Creek Road, Glade Spring, VA in violation of 21 USC 846/841(a)(1) and 841(a)(1).
- 3. I am a Special Agent with the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) and have been so employed for approximately (23) years. During my employment I have received comprehensive classroom training from the Drug Enforcement Administration in specialized narcotic investigative matters including but not limited to drug interdiction, drug detection, money laundering techniques and schemes, smuggling, and the investigation of individuals and organizations involving the smuggling, cultivation, manufacturing, and illicit trafficking of controlled substances and controlled substance precursors. I am a graduate of both the DEA's Clandestine Laboratory Investigation/Safety Certification Program and the DEA's Clandestine Laboratory Site Safety Officer School. I have participated in the execution of more than (300) narcotics related search warrants and the seizure and dismantling of more than (200) clandestine methamphetamine laboratories. I have testified as an expert on multiple occasions in Federal Court and State Court regarding the clandestine manufacturing of methamphetamine.
- 4. The facts set forth in this affidavit are known to me as a result of my personal participation in the investigation of Dana Vanmeter and April Fields, information provided by other law enforcement officers, and information provided by an employee of a retail store that sells instant cold packs.
- 5. The manufacturing of methamphetamine (a Schedule II Controlled Substance) by way of the ammonium nitrate/lithium metal method (also known as the "shake and bake" or "one pot" method) requires pseudoephedrine/ephedrine (obtained through the processing of cold/allergy pills, tablets, gelcaps, and liquids containing pseudoephedrine or ephedrine), ammonium nitrate (found in instant cold packs), and lithium metal (found in lithium batteries). Other chemicals/ingredients commonly used during the ammonium nitrate/lithium metal method include sodium hydroxide (e.g. Red Devil Lye), petroleum ether/petroleum naphtha/white gas (e.g. Coleman Fuel, lighter fluid), acetone, muriatic acid, sulfuric acid, table salt, and aluminum foil. Equipment/tools commonly used during the manufacturing of methamphetamine include soda bottles, glass mason jars, plastic food storage containers, plastic tubing, electrical tape and/or duct tape, coffee filters, pipe cutters (often used to open lithium batteries), Ziplock-type plastic bags, frying pans/electric skillets/propane burners (to dry the methamphetamine), razor blades, digital scales,

- 6. Individuals who manufacture methamphetamine usually use and sell/trade the methamphetamine they manufacture. These manufacturers routinely have other persons (hereafter referred to as "shoppers") assist them in the purchasing of precursors, chemicals, and equipment/supplies needed to manufacture methamphetamine. Manufacturers will regularly pay shoppers in methamphetamine (to use and sell) and/or cash for their assistance.
- 7. During February 2014, this affiant participated in the seizure of an ammonium nitrate/lithium metal methamphetamine lab in Sullivan County, TN. The methamphetamine manufacturer was apprehended on scene and agreed to be interviewed. During the ensuing interview, the manufacturer admitted that he manufactured methamphetamine via the ammonium nitrate/lithium metal method. The manufacturer also claimed that his former paramour, April Fields, was herself an ammonium nitrate/lithium metal method methamphetamine manufacturer.
- 8. On August 25, 2014, this affiant executed a federal search warrant at April Field's residence in Glade Spring, VA. Fields was not at home when the warrant was executed. No methamphetamine/methamphetamine manufacturing related items were found as a result of the search. While at the residence, this affiant spoke with April Field's close family members who cohabitate with Fields. The family members advised that Fields spends some nights away from her residence and that an individual Fields has been spending time with, Dana Vanmeter, picks Fields up at Field's residence. The family members advised that April Fields does not have an operating motor vehicle.
- 9. This affiant has reviewed pseudoephedrine sales data provided by a number of retailers (as required under The Combat Methamphetamine Epidemic Act of 2005) and sales data provided by a retail stores that sell instant cold packs (ammonium nitrate) and noted the following information (not all inclusive some information provided telephonically to this affiant by an employee of a retail store that sells instant cold packs):
  - On 02-01-2014, Dana Vanmeter purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
  - On 02-09-2014, April Fields purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
  - On 02-12-2014, April Fields purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
  - On 02-14-2014, April Fields attempted to purchase a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine and then went to another pharmacy where she purchased a (6) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
  - On 02-18-2014, Dana Vanmeter purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.

- On 02-28-2014, April Fields purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
   Dana Vanmeter purchased a (5) day supply of pseudoephedrine on this same date.
- On 03-05-2014, Dana Vanmeter purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 03-07-2014, April Fields attempted to purchase a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 03-10-2014, April Fields attempted to purchase a (10) day supplies of pseudoephedrine at (2) different pharmacies.
- On 03-14-2014, April Fields purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 03-19-2014, April Fields purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 03-22-2014, April Fields purchased a (5) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 04-02-2014, Dana Vanmeter purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 04-05-2014, April Fields purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 04-09-2014, April Fields attempted to purchase a (5) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 04-13-2014, April Fields purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 04-14-2014, April Fields attempted to purchase a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 04-24-2014, April Fields purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
   Dana Vanmeter purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine on this same date.
- On 05-07-2014, April Fields purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 05-09-2014, April Fields attempted to purchase a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 05-12-2014, Dana Vanmeter purchased a (5) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 05-15-2014, April Fields purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 05-19-2014, Dana Vanmeter purchased a (5) day supply of pseudoephedrine.

- On 05-22-2014, April Fields attempted to purchase a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine and then went to another pharmacy where she purchased a (5) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 05-27-2014, April Fields purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 05-29-2014, April Fields attempted to purchase a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 06-01-2014, April Fields attempted to purchase a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 06-03-2014, Dana Vanmeter purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 06-09-2014, April Fields purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine and an instant cold pack.
- On 06-14-2014, Dana Vanmeter purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 07-09-2014, April Fields purchased an instant cold pack.
- On 07-12-2014, Dana Vanmeter purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 07-21-2014, April Fields purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 07-22-2014, April Fields purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 07-24-2014, April Fields purchased an instant cold pack.
- On 07-25-2014, Dana Vanmeter purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 07-29-2014, Dana Vanmeter purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 07-30-2014, April Fields purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 08-04-2014, April Fields purchased a (5) day supply of pseudoephedrine. [Fields should have had a (5) day supply of pseudoephedrine left over from her pseudoephedrine purchase of 07-30-2014.] Dana Vanmeter attempted to purchase a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine at one pharmacy and then purchased a (5) day supply of pseudoephedrine at another pharmacy on this same date.

- On 08-15-2014, Dana Vanmeter purchased an instant cold pack.
- On 08-18-2014, Dana Vanmeter purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 08-22-2014, Dana Vanmeter attempted to purchase a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine. Vanmeter purchased an instant cold pack on this same date. April Fields purchased a (5) day supply of pseudoephedrine on this same date.
- On 09-04-2014, Dana Vanmeter purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 09-09-2014, April Fields purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 09-10-2014, Dana Vanmeter purchased an instant cold pack.
- On 09-14-2014, April Fields purchased a (5) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- On 09-17-2014, Dana Vanmeter purchased an instant cold pack.
- On 09-23-2014, Dana Vanmeter purchased an instant cold pack.
- On 09-24-2014, April Fields purchased a (10) day supply of pseudoephedrine.
- 10. Pseudoephedrine and ammonium nitrate (instant cold packs) are key ingredients to the manufacturing of methamphetamine via the ammonium nitrate/lithium metal method. During the last several years, this affiant has routinely found and seized (via search warrants and consent searches) the aforementioned ingredients (and packaging of same) at methamphetamine manufacturing/precursor preparation sites. This affiant has encountered and seized said ingredients at such sites in various forms/stages (e.g. sludges/mixed with liquids) related to methamphetamine production and contained in a variety of glass and plastic containers days, weeks, and even months after the ingredients were purchased at pharmacies/retail stores.
- 11. This affiant is aware based on his training, experience, and conversations with other law enforcement officers that individuals who illegally manufacture methamphetamine and/or conspire to do so typically maintain methamphetamine manufacturing precursors/chemicals/equipment (as described in paragraph #5 above) along with receipts / notes / records / telephone numbers (as they pertain to manufacturing/conspiracy to manufacture), and other items as listed and explained on Attachment B (of the Application and Affidavit for Search Warrant to which this affidavit is attached) on their persons, inside their residences, garages, outbuildings/barns, campers, vehicles (or the vehicles they operate), and inside of vehicles registered to other persons when those vehicles are parked at the manufacturer's/conspirator's residence/property.

- 12. Individuals who manufacture methamphetamine and/or conspire to do so routinely have persons who are methamphetamine users and/or additional co-conspirators (i.e. shoppers) present at their residences/properties. These users/co-conspirators often illegally possess methamphetamine and methamphetamine use paraphernalia and routinely possess notes, stored telephone numbers, and messages pertaining to their relationships with methamphetamine manufacturers / manufacturing co-conspirators. These users/co-conspirators are oftentimes in possession of other items as listed and explained on Attachment B (of the Application and Affidavit for Search Warrant to which this affidavit is attached) and possess these items on their persons and in their vehicles (or the vehicles they operate) which are oftentimes parked at the drug manufacturer's/co-conspirator's residences/properties.
- 13. The clandestine manufacturing of methamphetamine is an extremely dangerous process that involves the use of toxic, flammable, explosive, and incompatible chemicals. Explosions, fires, and toxic gasses generally pose the greatest threats to law enforcement officers executing search warrants at methamphetamine manufacturing sites. It is not uncommon for methamphetamine manufacturers to panic when they become aware of a law enforcement presence at a methamphetamine manufacturing site. As a result of their panic, methamphetamine manufacturers have been known to attempt to dispose of evidence of their manufacturing by throwing/pouring chemicals into toilets, bathtubs, and sinks before law enforcement can gain entry and secure the premises. The pouring/mixing of the various chemicals during the attempted disposal creates an increased risk of explosion, fire, and toxic gas exposure due to the nature of the chemicals involved. This affiant believes that the above presents reasonable suspicion that knocking and announcing the presence of law enforcement officers at the time of the execution of this search warrant would prove dangerous to the law enforcement officers involved in the execution of the search warrant.
- 14. Dana Vanmeter's known residence is 36234 Rush Creek Road, Glade Spring, VA.
- 15. Based upon the facts set forth above, I believe that there is probable cause for the issuance of a search warrant for the premises known as 36234 Rush Creek Road, Glade Spring, VA (Located within the Western District of Virginia) as there is probable cause to believe that there is evidence of a violation of 21 USC 846/841(a)(1) and/or 841(a)(1) at said premises.

Brian Snedeker, Special Agent (DEA)

9-26-2014

Date

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this the 26th in Abingdon, Virginia.

Pamela Meade Sargent

United States Magistrate Judge

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